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ANCIENT ROME'S GOVERNMENT

It was a strange mix of democracy and a republic and its consuls. They didn't want their government to be ruled by one man so they set up 3 branches (Judicial, Legislative, Executive)

ANCIENT ROME'S MILITARY

(Roman Legion) It was the ultimate military machine of the ancient world, core of it was of heavily armored infantry, they were well trained and disciplined, it was a unstoppable force, first full time paid army in the world.

ANCIENT ROME'S CULTURE/ECONOMY

Culture- Slave based, and modern for its time.

Economy- Ss not as complex as modern economies, slave based, agrarian, agriculture and trade dominated its fortunes, small industrial production.

ANCIENT ROME'S SOCIETY

social classes (Imperial Domus, senators, equestrians, commons, freedpeople, slaves), woman didn't play a big role.

POLITICAL ADVANCEMENT

You climbed up the political ladder by help through your family.

CLASS SYSTEM

Upper Class:

Senators- political; men who served in the senate

Equestrians- economic; men with minimum amount of wealth

Women:

Women- women's place was not well defined by birth, it was determined by their family

Lower Class:

Commons- All freeborn Roman citizens

Latins- Freeborn residents of Italy

Foreigners- All other freeborn men and women who lived in Roman territories

Slaves- People born into slavery

ANCIENT ROME



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❧ ALL ROADS LEAD TO ROME ❧

All roads lead to Rome means that Rome was the center of technology, literature, culture, and architecture in the ancient world. They created a network of roads so they can function (approximately 50,000 miles of roads)



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S.P.Q.R

*It means the
Senate and the
Roman people.*

Timeline

TIMELINE OF IMPORTANT FACTS TO THE DECLINE OF ROME

- * 378 AD- The death of Theodosius I
- * 395 AD- The last time the Roman Empire was politically unified
- * 565 AD- The death of Justinian I, the Last Roman Empire who tried to re-conquer the west
- * 468 AD- Army is destroyed in Africa
- * 476 AD- End of Western Roman Empire

Five Interesting Facts

1. How big Rome was, I did not think Rome was that big
2. I found out what the Military was called, Roman Legion, and that it was the ultimate military machine back then
3. The different Social Classes, Imperial Domus, senators, equestrians, commons, freedpeople, slaves
4. What S.P.Q.R means, Senate and the Roman People
5. Also the role of women in the Roman Empire, that they are really only determined in social classes based on their family